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**HOUSE BILL NO. 380**

Offered January 12, 2022

Prefiled January 11, 2022

*A BILL to amend and reenact § 58.1-3703 of the Code of Virginia, relating to local license taxes; elimination of authority to impose.*

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 Patron—Freitas
 

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Referred to Committee on Finance

**Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:****1. That § 58.1-3703 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:****§ 58.1-3703. Counties, cities, and towns may impose local license taxes and fees; limitation of authority.**

*A. The 1. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, the governing body of any county, city, or town shall be prohibited from imposing any license fee or tax.*

*2. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2023, the governing body of any county, city, or town may charge a fee for issuing a license in an amount not to exceed \$100 for any locality with a population greater than 50,000, \$50 for any locality with a population of 25,000 but no more than 50,000 and \$30 for any locality with a population smaller than 25,000. For purposes of this section, population may be based on the most current final population estimates of the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service of the University of Virginia. Such governing body may levy and provide for the assessment and collection of county, city, or town license taxes on businesses, trades, professions, occupations, and callings and upon the persons, firms, and corporations engaged therein within the county, city, or town subject to the limitations in (i) subsection C and (ii) subsection A of § 58.1-3706, provided such tax shall not be assessed and collected on any amount of gross receipts of each business upon which a license fee is charged. Any county, city, or town with a population greater than 50,000 shall reduce the fee to an amount not to exceed \$50 by January 1, 2000. The ordinance imposing such license fees and levying such license taxes shall include the provisions of § 58.1-3703.1.*

*3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 and 2, the governing body of any county, city, or town may continue to levy the taxes authorized under §§ 58.1-3712 through 58.1-3713.4 in taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2023.*

*B. Any county, city, or town by ordinance may exempt in whole or in part from the license tax (i) the design, development, or other creation of computer software for lease, sale, or license and (ii) private businesses and industries entering into agreements for the establishment, installation, renovation, remodeling, or construction of satellite classrooms for grades kindergarten through three on a site owned by the business or industry and leased to the school board at no costs pursuant to § 22.1-26.1.*

*C. No county, city, or town shall impose a license fee or levy any license tax:*

*1. On any public service corporation or any motor carrier, common carrier, or other carrier of passengers or property formerly certified by the Interstate Commerce Commission or presently registered for insurance purposes with the Surface Transportation Board of the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, except as provided in § 58.1-3731 or as permitted by other provisions of law;*

*2. For selling farm or domestic products or nursery products, ornamental or otherwise, or for the planting of nursery products, as an incident to the sale thereof, outside of the regular market houses and sheds of such county, city, or town, provided such products are grown or produced by the person offering them for sale;*

*3. Upon the privilege or right of printing or publishing any newspaper, magazine, newsletter, or other publication issued daily or regularly at average intervals not exceeding three months, provided the publication's subscription sales are exempt from state sales tax, or for the privilege or right of operating or conducting any radio or television broadcasting station or service;*

*4. On a manufacturer for the privilege of manufacturing and selling goods, wares, and merchandise at wholesale at the place of manufacture. For purposes of this subdivision, this shall include a manufacturer that is also a defense production business selling manufacturing, rebuilding, repair, and maintenance services at the place of manufacture (i) to the United States or (ii) for which consent of the United States is required;*

*5. On a person engaged in the business of severing minerals from the earth for the privilege of selling the severed mineral at wholesale at the place of severance, except as provided in §§ 58.1-3712 and 58.1-3713;*

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59 6. Upon a wholesaler for the privilege of selling goods, wares, and merchandise to other persons for  
60 resale unless such wholesaler has a definite place of business or store in such county, city, or town. This  
61 subdivision shall not be construed as prohibiting any county, city, or town from imposing a local license  
62 tax on a peddler at wholesale pursuant to § 58.1-3718;

63 7. Upon any person, firm, or corporation for engaging in the business of renting, as the owner of  
64 such property, real property other than hotels, motels, motor lodges, auto courts, tourist courts, travel  
65 trailer parks, campgrounds, bed and breakfast establishments, lodging houses, rooming houses, and  
66 boardinghouses; however, any county, city, or town imposing such a license tax on January 1, 1974,  
67 shall not be precluded from the levy of such tax by the provisions of this subdivision;

68 8. [Repealed.]

69 9. On or measured by receipts for management, accounting, or administrative services provided on a  
70 group basis under a nonprofit cost-sharing agreement by a corporation which is an agricultural  
71 cooperative association under the provisions of Article 2 (§ 13.1-312 et seq.) of Chapter 3 of Title 13.1,  
72 or a member or subsidiary or affiliated association thereof, to other members of the same group. This  
73 exemption shall not exempt any such corporation from such license or other tax measured by receipts  
74 from outside the group;

75 10. On or measured by receipts or purchases by an entity which is a member of an affiliated group  
76 of entities from other members of the same affiliated group. This exclusion shall not exempt affiliated  
77 entities from such license or other tax measured by receipts or purchases from outside the affiliated  
78 group. This exclusion also shall not preclude a locality from levying a wholesale merchant's license tax  
79 on an affiliated entity on those sales by the affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity, notwithstanding the  
80 fact that the wholesale merchant's license tax would be based upon purchases from an affiliated entity.  
81 Such tax shall be based on the purchase price of the goods sold to the nonaffiliated entity. As used in  
82 this subdivision, the term "sales by the affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity" means sales by the  
83 affiliated entity to a nonaffiliated entity where goods sold by the affiliated entity or its agent are  
84 manufactured or stored in the Commonwealth prior to their delivery to the nonaffiliated entity;

85 11. On any insurance company subject to taxation under Chapter 25 (§ 58.1-2500 et seq.) of this title  
86 or on any agent of such company;

87 12. On any bank or trust company subject to taxation in Chapter 12 (§ 58.1-1200 et seq.) of this  
88 title;

89 13. Upon a taxicab driver, if the locality has imposed a license tax upon the taxicab company for  
90 which the taxicab driver operates;

91 14. On any blind person operating a vending stand or other business enterprise under the jurisdiction  
92 of the Department for the Blind and Vision Impaired, or a nominee of the Department, as set forth in  
93 § 51.5-98;

94 15. [Expired.]

95 16. [Repealed.]

96 17. On an accredited religious practitioner in the practice of the religious tenets of any church or  
97 religious denomination. "Accredited religious practitioner" shall be defined as one who is engaged solely  
98 in praying for others upon accreditation by such church or religious denomination;

99 18. a. On or measured by receipts of a nonprofit organization described in Internal Revenue Code  
100 § 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(19) except to the extent the organization has receipts from an unrelated trade or  
101 business the income of which is taxable under Internal Revenue Code § 511 et seq. For the purpose of  
102 this subdivision, "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in Internal Revenue  
103 Code § 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(19), and to which contributions are deductible by the contributor under  
104 Internal Revenue Code § 170, except that educational institutions exempt from federal income tax under  
105 Internal Revenue Code § 501(c)(3) shall be limited to schools, colleges, and other similar institutions of  
106 learning.

107 b. On or measured by gifts, contributions, and membership dues of a nonprofit organization.  
108 Activities conducted for consideration that are similar to activities conducted for consideration by  
109 for-profit businesses shall be presumed to be activities that are part of a business subject to licensure.  
110 For the purpose of this subdivision, "nonprofit organization" means an organization exempt from federal  
111 income tax under Internal Revenue Code § 501 other than the nonprofit organizations described in  
112 subdivision a;

113 19. On any venture capital fund or other investment fund, except commissions and fees of such  
114 funds. Gross receipts from the sale and rental of real estate and buildings remain taxable by the locality  
115 in which the real estate is located provided the locality is otherwise authorized to tax such businesses  
116 and rental of real estate;

117 20. On total assessments paid by condominium unit owners for common expenses. "Common  
118 expenses" and "unit owner" have the same meanings as in § 55.1-1900; or

119 21. On or measured by receipts of a qualifying transportation facility directly or indirectly owned or  
120 title to which is held by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof or by the United States

as described in § 58.1-3606.1 and developed and/or operated pursuant to a concession under the Public-Private Transportation Act of 1995 (§ 33.2-1800 et seq.) or similar federal law.

D. Any county, city, or town may establish by ordinance a business license incentive program for "qualifying businesses." For purposes of this subsection, a "qualifying business" is a business that locates for the first time in the locality adopting such ordinance. A business shall not be deemed to locate in such locality for the first time based on merger, acquisition, similar business combination, name change, or a change in business form. Any incentive established pursuant to this subsection may extend for a period not to exceed two years from the date the business locates in such locality. The business license incentive program may include (i) an exemption, in whole or in part, of license taxes for any qualifying business; (ii) a refund or rebate, in whole or in part, of license taxes paid by a qualifying business; or (iii) other relief from license taxes for a qualifying business not prohibited by state or federal law.

E. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2012, any locality may exempt, by ordinance, license fees or license taxes on any business that does not have an after-tax profit for the taxable year and offers the income tax return of the business as proof to the local commissioner of the revenue. Eligibility for this exemption shall be determined annually and it shall be the obligation of the business owner to submit the applicable income tax return to the local commissioner of the revenue.