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SENATE BILL NO. 453

Offered January 12, 2022

Prefiled January 11, 2022

A BILL to amend and reenact § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia, relating to assault and battery; persons diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder, intellectual disability, or mental illness; penalties.

Patron—Boysko

Referred to Committee on the Judiciary

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 18.2-57 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows:

§ 18.2-57. Assault and battery; penalty.

A. Any person who commits a simple assault or assault and battery is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and if the person intentionally selects the person against whom a simple assault is committed because of his race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin, the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of confinement of at least six months.

B. However, if a person intentionally selects the person against whom an assault and battery resulting in bodily injury is committed because of his race, religious conviction, gender, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, color, or national origin, the person is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and the penalty upon conviction shall include a term of confinement of at least six months.

C. In addition, if any person commits an assault or an assault and battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such other person is a judge, a magistrate, a law-enforcement officer as defined in subsection F, a correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1, a person directly involved in the care, treatment, or supervision of inmates in the custody of the Department of Corrections or an employee of a local or regional correctional facility directly involved in the care, treatment, or supervision of inmates in the custody of the facility, a person directly involved in the care, treatment, or supervision of persons in the custody of or under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile Justice, an employee or other individual who provides control, care, or treatment of sexually violent predators committed to the custody of the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, a firefighter as defined in § 65.2-102, or a volunteer firefighter or any emergency medical services personnel member who is employed by or is a volunteer of an emergency medical services agency or as a member of a bona fide volunteer fire department or volunteer emergency medical services agency, regardless of whether a resolution has been adopted by the governing body of a political subdivision recognizing such firefighters or emergency medical services personnel as employees, engaged in the performance of his public duties anywhere in the Commonwealth, such person is guilty of a Class 6 felony, and, upon conviction, the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of six months.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the right of any person charged with a violation of this section from asserting and presenting evidence in support of any defenses to the charge that may be available under common law.

D. In addition, if any person commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such other person is a full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or secondary school and is engaged in the performance of his duties as such, he is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and the sentence of such person upon conviction shall include a sentence of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement. However, if the offense is committed by use of a firearm or other weapon prohibited on school property pursuant to § 18.2-308.1, the person shall serve a mandatory minimum sentence of confinement of six months.

E. In addition, any person who commits a battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such individual is a health care provider as defined in § 8.01-581.1 who is engaged in the performance of his duties in a hospital or in an emergency room on the premises of any clinic or other facility rendering emergency medical care is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The sentence of such person, upon conviction, shall include a term of confinement of 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum term of confinement.

F. As used in this section:

"Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities.

"Hospital" means a public or private institution licensed pursuant to Chapter 5 (§ 32.1-123 et seq.) of

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59 Title 32.1 or Article 2 (§ 37.2-403 et seq.) of Chapter 4 of Title 37.2.

60 "Judge" means any justice or judge of a court of record of the Commonwealth including a judge
61 designated under § 17.1-105, a judge under temporary recall under § 17.1-106, or a judge pro tempore
62 under § 17.1-109, any member of the State Corporation Commission, or of the Virginia Workers'
63 Compensation Commission, and any judge of a district court of the Commonwealth or any substitute
64 judge of such district court.

65 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or
66 sheriff's office that is part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof
67 who is responsible for the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or
68 highway laws of the Commonwealth, any conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and
69 Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, any special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage
70 Control Authority, conservation police officers appointed pursuant to § 29.1-200, full-time sworn
71 members of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to
72 § 46.2-217, and any employee with internal investigations authority designated by the Department of
73 Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10, and such officer also includes jail officers in local
74 and regional correctional facilities, all deputy sheriffs, whether assigned to law-enforcement duties, court
75 services or local jail responsibilities, auxiliary police officers appointed or provided for pursuant to
76 §§ 15.2-1731 and 15.2-1733, auxiliary deputy sheriffs appointed pursuant to § 15.2-1603, police officers
77 of the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority pursuant to § 5.1-158, and fire marshals appointed
78 pursuant to § 27-30 when such fire marshals have police powers as set out in §§ 27-34.2 and 27-34.2:1.

79 "Mental illness" means a disorder of thought, mood, perception, or orientation that significantly
80 impairs judgment or capacity to recognize reality.

81 "School security officer" means the same as that term is defined in § 9.1-101.

82 G. "Simple assault" or "assault and battery" shall not be construed to include the use of, by any
83 school security officer or full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or
84 secondary school while acting in the course and scope of his official capacity, any of the following: (i)
85 incidental, minor or reasonable physical contact or other actions designed to maintain order and control;
86 (ii) reasonable and necessary force to quell a disturbance or remove a student from the scene of a
87 disturbance that threatens physical injury to persons or damage to property; (iii) reasonable and
88 necessary force to prevent a student from inflicting physical harm on himself; (iv) reasonable and
89 necessary force for self-defense or the defense of others; or (v) reasonable and necessary force to obtain
90 possession of weapons or other dangerous objects or controlled substances or associated paraphernalia
91 that are upon the person of the student or within his control.

92 In determining whether a person was acting within the exceptions provided in this subsection, due
93 deference shall be given to reasonable judgments that were made by a school security officer or
94 full-time or part-time employee of any public or private elementary or secondary school at the time of
95 the event.

96 H. In any case where a person who has been charged with committing an offense in violation of
97 subsection C, D, or E has been diagnosed by a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist with (i) an autism
98 spectrum disorder as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of
99 Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association, (ii) an intellectual disability as
100 defined in § 37.2-100, or (iii) mental illness, and the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that
101 the criminal conduct was caused by or had a direct and substantial relationship to the person's disorder
102 or disability, then the defendant is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor and shall not be subject to
103 mandatory minimum punishment.